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NUMBER 6

NEW RAILROAD RATES APPLICABLE AUG. 26

Federal Tax On Increase To Add \$100,000,000 To Treasury

Washington, Aug. 3.—New freight rates and passenger fares will be made effective August 26 instead of August 20 for passenger fares, and August 25 for freight rates, railroad officials announced tonight.

At the same time it was announced that the American railroads would ask the Canadian Railway Commissioners for permission to make two new rates effective on transportation from the United States to the Dominion.

Decision to postpone the putting into effect of the advanced charges, authorized last Saturday by the Interstate Commerce Commission, from the dates announced yesterday, was reached tonight after tariff experts of the carriers had informed Alfred P. Thom, general counsel for the Association of Railway Executives, that it would be impossible to have the blanket schedules ready before August 21. Under the orders of the commission the new schedules must be filed five days before they become effective.

Application of the new schedules to transportation to Canada, officials said, would mean that shippers will pay freight charges under the new tariffs for their classification territories unless the shipment passes thru more than one group before crossing the line, in which case the interterritorial rate, which is to be advanced 33 1-3 per cent, would apply.

Canadian railways, it was said, will apply to the Interstate Commerce Commission for authority to make the new charges effective on transportation from the Dominion into the United States.

Rate Advance To Swell Treasury

Washington, Aug. 3.—Increased revenues officially estimated at \$100,000,000 annually, will accrue to the Treasury as a result of the advance in transportation rates allowed the railroads. The added income for the government, officials said tonight, would be derived from increased transportation taxes—which are paid by the public—as well as thru operation of the income and excise provisions of the revenue laws.

Transportation taxes for the fiscal year ending June 30, aggregated \$28,550,000, made up from the 3 per cent tax on freight charges amounting to \$125,000,000, the 8 per cent tax on passenger tickets supplying \$100,000,000 and the 8 per cent tax on Pullman charges producing \$6,500,000.

Should railroad traffic continue at its present volume, all of these amounts would be increased correspondingly with the advance permitted by the Interstate Commerce Commission in its rate decision last Saturday. On this basis, officials of the Bureau of Internal Revenue calculate the additional taxes will aggregate \$28,550,000 on freight, \$18,700,000 on passenger and \$33,500,000 on Pullman charges producing \$80,750,000.

Another source of revenue would be from income taxes levied against the railroad corporations. Railroad executives expect many of the carriers to earn sufficiently large returns under the new rates to compel the payment of income taxes for the first time since pre-war days. It is from this source that the Treasury expects to obtain a large portion of the remaining \$40,000,000 of their \$100,000,000 estimate. Officials place the amount from income taxes conservatively at \$30,000,000 a year.

BALL PLAYER HURT.

Immediately prior to the opening of the ball game here last Saturday between Hartford and McHenry, Noah Phelps was quite painfully hurt by a ball thrown by Jack Thorpe, pitcher for McHenry.

The boys had been warming up in practice and Phelps, who was scheduled to do the receiving for the visiting team was at the home plate and had turned toward first to receive a ball being thrown in from that section of the field, when Thorpe turned a rather hard throw loose from

the pitcher's box, without observing the position of Phelps, the ball striking him in the mouth, completely knocking out three upper teeth and caving in four lower, and splitting a portion of the jaw bone.

BOY SCOUTS ORGANIZE.

Hartford Troop No. 1, Boy Scouts, was organized here Monday night with two patrols, 16 members. Frank Tichenor, late of the U. S. Army, was elected Scout Master and Rev. Russell Walker, Scout Commissioner.

Walter Westerfield and Ewell Foster were elected as patrol leader and assistant in Patrol "A" and Walter Mischke and Ferdinand Pirtle were elected to like positions in Patrol "B." Cloyd Gibson and William Bean were elected Buglers. Rev. Walker, M. L. McCracken and Dr. A. B. Riley were elected as Scout Committee.

REV. SMITH GOES TO LEWISBURG AUG. 16

Rev. E. Watt Smith, pastor of the local Methodist church will go to Lewisburg, Ky., August the 16th, to assist in union revival services to be conducted by the Cumberland Presbyterians and Methodists. It is not definitely known as to exactly how long Rev. Smith will remain in the Lewisburg meeting, but in all probability he will return in time to fill his regular dates here.

CONGRESSMEN TO HELP FILIPINOS

Manila, P. I., Aug. 2.—Declaration in favor of independence for the Philippines were made today by 3 members of Congress at a banquet given here by the Philippine Chamber of Commerce to the party of congressmen touring the Far East.

"Your government is more developed than the government of Cuba at the time the United States recognized Cuba," said Congressman S. G. Porter, chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee. "It may be that after we grant your independence you will do like Cuba, get into a little fracas occasionally and mother will have to come out and spank you."

"I regret the attitude of some Manila newspapers. I resent any newspaper or any man that attempts inducement of party violation of work before the United States."

Congressman J. A. Frear, of Wisconsin, told the Filipinos that the United States had promised that independence would be granted and it would come as quickly as a stable government was organized in the Philippines.

Congressman John H. Small, of North Carolina, also pledged support to independence for the Philippines.

C. C. MARTIN HONORED BY FRIENDS AND RELATIVES

A surprise gathering in honor of his sixty-second birth anniversary, was held last Friday, at the home of Mr. C. C. Martin, adjacent to Cromwell. Ninety-three of his relatives and friends were in attendance upon the occasion. Baskets bountifully heaped with a varied assortment of good things to eat, brought by those paying their tribute of respect to Mr. Martin, provided a sumptuous spread at the noon hour. The day was a most enjoyable one for all present.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE

I, or one of my deputies will be at Prentiss, Monday and Tuesday, Aug. 9th and 10th, and at Wysox, Friday and Saturday, Aug. 13th and 14th for the purpose of assessing taxpayers of said districts. (Prentiss and Cool Springs.) Please have your inventory made and meet us promptly.

D. E. WARD, Tax Com'r.
L. T. BARNARD, Deputy.

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"Neither Government nor party can afford to cheat the American people. No man is big enough to run this Republic; there has never been one. I believe in party government as distinguished from personal government, individual, dictatorial, autocratic or what not."

WARREN G. HARDING.

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EX-GOVERNOR HANLY KILLED IN ACCIDENT

Former Governor And Two Others
Hurled To Death At Railroad Crossing.

Dennison, O., Aug. 1.—J. Frank Hanly, former governor of Indiana and candidate for President on the Prohibition ticket in 1916, and Dr. and Mrs. C. M. Baker, of Kilgore, O., were killed six miles from here early today when a Pennsylvania freight train struck the automobile in which the party were driving to Kilgore.

All three suffered fractured skulls and crushed bodies and neither recovered consciousness after being brought to a local hospital. Mr. Hanly died at 9 a. m., Mrs. Baker at 11:30 a. m., and her husband at 3:30 p. m.

Dr. and Mrs. Baker had met Mr. Hanly in Dennison at 6:45 o'clock this morning and were driving him to their home in Kilgore, twenty miles from here.

The Baker automobile drove across the Pennsylvania tracks back of one freight train and directly in front of another. The automobile was struck squarely.

Mr. Hanly was en route to Carrollton, where he was to have delivered an address tomorrow. He had intended spending the day with the Bakers at their home in Kilgore.

The chief of police here has notified relatives of Mr. Hanly in Indianapolis and it is expected the body will be shipped here.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 1.—Former Gov. J. Frank Hanly, of Indiana, who was killed in an automobile accident near Dennison, O., this afternoon, was born April 4, 1863, in a log cabin in Champaign County, Ill. He obtained his education by working his way thru the Eastern Illinois Normal School at Danville, Ill. He taught school for several years following his graduation from the Ill. Normal School and studied law during his spare time.

In 1889 he was admitted to the Warren County Indiana bar and began the practice of law at Williamsport, Ind. A year later he was nominated and elected to the Indiana State Senate, where he at once took a front rank as a debater and forceful legislator. In 1894 he was nominated by the Republicans of the Ninth Indiana District for Congress, and was elected by a majority of more than 5,000. In the fall of 1896 he moved to Lafayette, Ind., where he formed a partnership in the practice of law with State Senator Will R. Wood. A year later he was a candidate for United States senator on the Republican ticket against Senator Albert Beveridge, but lost the nomination in the Republican caucus by a few votes.

Given Record Vote.

In August, 1903, Mr. Hanly decided to become a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor. When the convention met he was nominated unanimously on the second ballot. He was elected in 1904 by almost 85,000 plurality, the largest ever given a gubernatorial candidate by either party in Indiana.

WOMAN'S MISSIONARY SOCIETY AT BEAVER DAM

The Woman's Missionary Society of Beaver Dam, Ky., held an all-day meeting Wednesday. Several neighboring Auxiliary Societies were present. Mrs. E. S. Moore, District Secretary presided at the meeting, with Mrs. J. A. Duff acting as Secretary. Mrs. Altha Dexter and Mrs. John B. Wilson read splendid papers and the reports from the various Auxiliaries were good. Mrs. S. G. Shelly was present and made a very fine talk in the morning. The Dundee Juniors presented quite an interesting program, also the Beaver Dam Juniors.

A most delightful luncheon was served by the Methodist ladies at the noon hour.

Prof. Lawrence Gary, wife and two children arrived here several days ago, to visit Mr. Gary's sister, Mrs. E. S. Howard and Mr. Howard. Prof. Gary and family went to Dundee Tuesday to visit another sister, Mrs. Garfield Barnard and Mr. Barnard. The Garys will visit relatives at other points in the county before returning to their home in Desha County, Ark., where Mr. Gary is superintendent of the schools.

LETTERS INDORSE LEAGUE, COX SAYS

Details For Notification Meeting
Complete—Father Neville To
Offer Benediction

Dayton, Aug. 2.—Receipt of letters from many Republicans as well as Democrats, urging a strong position for the League of Nations, was announced today by Governor Cox, the Democratic presidential nominee, after a busy day going thru his mail and completing Saturday's program for his notification.

More than half of his letters, both here and at the Columbus executive offices, Governor Cox said, discuss the league declarations of Senator Harding, his Republican opponent.

"Many are from Democrats," said Governor Cox, "and state that they see a fine opening. Many others are from Republicans and it certainly looks as if the independent Republican vote, which has followed with great interest this whole league question, is thoroughly dissatisfied."

The governor spent several hours today in his newspaper office here, working on correspondence, and after a visit to the Montgomery County Fair Grounds, where he will speak next Saturday approved a brief program.

The program calls for introduction by Chairman McMahon of the Rev. William A. Hale, of the Reformed Church of this city, to deliver the invocation. The notification address of Senator Joseph T. Robinson, of Arkansas, chairman of the San Francisco convention, will follow and Governor Cox then will deliver his acceptance address.

The Rev. Martin Neville, of Holy Angels Roman Catholic Church, is to deliver the benediction. Mr. Hale is a Republican and close friend of the governor. Father Neville officiated at the marriage of the governor's daughter to D. J. Mahoney.

MISS GLENN ENTERTAINS

Miss James Lella Glenn was hostess to the Black Cat Club, Thursday morning July 29. A number of games of "500" and "Rook" were played. Miss Norine Harris Barnett making the high score. At the conclusion of the games the guests were ushered into the spacious dining room, where a most delicious course dinner was served. The large dining table where covers were laid for twelve was artistically decorated in Magnolias and Asparagus plumose. Saucy black cats clung to the window draperies. The presence of the hostess' father, Judge Glenn, added much to the enjoyment of the occasion.

Those present were Miss Myrtle Chapman, Memphis, Tenn., Miss Martella Culley, Stanley, Ky., Mrs. A. C. Porter and club members, Mesdames John Taylor, Louis Riley, Henderson Murphree, Misses Mattie Duke, Norine Harris Barnett, Chiffie Felix, Winnie Simmerman and Mary Marks.

LOUISVILLE MARKETS

Cattle—Buyers slow in taking hold at lower prices. Light inquiry for the prime light butchers and a plentiful supply of the medium kinds are quotable at 25@50c under Monday's quotations. Narrow inquiry from all sources for feeders and stockers. Common stockers extremely dull and drug on the market.

Quotations: Prime heavy steers \$12@13; heavy shipping steers \$11.25@12; medium steers \$10@11.25; light steers \$8.50@10; heifers \$7@12; fat cows \$7@10; medium cows \$5@7; cutters \$4@5; canners \$3.50@4; bulls \$5.50@7.25; feeders \$7.50@10; stockers \$6@9; choice milk cows \$8@9.5; medium \$6@8; common \$4@6.

Calves—Prices steady. Best veals \$13.50@14; medium to good \$8@11.50; common \$4@5.

Hogs—Best hogs 250 pounds up \$14.50; 165 to 250 pounds \$16; 120 to 165 pounds \$15.25; pigs 90 to 120 pounds \$11.75; 90 pounds down \$10.25; throwouts \$11.25 down.

Sheep and Lambs—Few strictly good lambs offered. Trade mostly steady. Bulk of best lambs \$13; few extra choice higher; seconds \$7.50. Best fat sheep \$7@7.50; bucks \$4.50 down.

PRODUCE

Egg market today was steady to 2 cents a dozen higher, bringing the market to a level of 40 cents to the producer.

The price today represents an ad-

vance of 6 cents a dozen from the low level of the season, reached about four weeks ago.

Local produce dealers quote buying prices as follows, net to shipper, the shipper paying drayage charges:

EGGS—Candled 40c dozen.

BUTTER—Country 34c lb.

POULTRY—Hens 23@25c lb.;

spring chickens (broilers) 35@37c lb.;

old roosters 10@14c lb.;

ducks 10@15c lb.;

turkeys 30@35c lb.;

geese 12@15c lb.;

guineas 30@35c apiece.

CENTERTOWN.

Leslie Hagerman, of the Hartford Herald, was in town Tuesday morning.

Roy McMillon, of Russellville, was in town a few days the first of the week.

Lemon Bennett and daughter, of Pan Handle, Tex., are visiting relatives here.

Alvin Rowe and wife motored over to Owensboro, Sunday evening returning Monday.

Miss Augusta Gieger was the guest of relatives in Owensboro from Saturday until Monday.

Miss Mattie Kuykendoll went to Owensboro last Tuesday, to spend the week with relatives.

C. E. Sowders, of Bowling Green, passed through this place last Sunday, enroute to Seebree.

Enos Elliot and daughter, of Philpot, Daviess County, visited relatives here the first of the week.

Mac Benton returned home last Saturday from Bowling Green, where he has been attending school.

Mrs. L. C. Morton was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Laura Morton, of Levernore, last Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. H. B. Ashby and son, Everett, of Owensboro, were the guests of relatives here, the first of the week.

Leslie Duke and wife motored over from Calhoun and spent the day last Sunday with Earl Tichenor and wife.

Mrs. Dr. Crowe and mother, Mrs. Foster McKinney, are visiting Dr. McKinney and family, in Louisville, this week.

Miss Bessie Mason, of Washington, D. C., and Miss Flossie Mason, of Rockport, were the guests of Miss Pearl Tichenor, Sunday afternoon.

The Banquet given by I. O. O. F. lodge here last Saturday evening was a success. There was a large crowd and plenty to eat and good music furnished by the brass band.

Several from this place attended the burial of Jessie Everly, of Evansville, who committed suicide at his home at that place, last Wednesday. The remains were brought to Ceralvo last Friday and interred in the family burying ground. The Masons had charge of the burial.

ROSINE

Miss Anna May Edwards visited her aunt, of Tell City, Indiana, last week. She returned Saturday to her home in Rosine.

Mr. Nente Daugherty the extra section foreman, is very sick now.

The people are very busy trying to get fall work done, and preparing coal for winter.

Miss Nellie Alford, Mayme Leach and Anna May Edwards visited Miss Bessie Austin last week, who is now Mrs. Bessie Ford.

Rev. Divine filled his regular appointment at the Baptist Church here Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Lefe Emery and children went to Balzertown Sunday.

Miss Sue Pierce visited her brother, Mr. John Pierce, of Beaver Dam, Saturday and Sunday.

The school in progress here is fine, everyone seems to be satisfied with it.

The revival meeting at Caneyville is still in progress, conducted by Rev. Guy Marlow. The meeting at Red Hill closed with several conversions and much good work being done.

Mr. Bennie Johnson went to Beaver Dam, on business, Tuesday.

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"Government is not, must not be a cold, impersonal machine, but a humane and more human agency, appealing to the reason, satisfying the heart, full of mercy, assisting the good, resisting the wrong, delivering the weak from any impositions of the strong."

CALVIN COOLIDGE.

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G. O. P. IS SOLIDLY BACKING HARDING

Republicans Of All Sections Declare For The Nominee.

Marion, O., Aug. 2.—A claim of complete Republican unity behind Senator Harding, on the League of Nations issue was made in an official statement issued today by Harding headquarters here.

"Chairman White of the Democratic National Committee," the statement said, "has undertaken to answer some questions recently addressed to Governor Cox. His statement is chiefly a complaint because both Senator Hiram Johnson and former President Taft have expressed approval of Senator Harding's position. It is easy to understand how such evidences of Republican unity are displeasing to Mr. White, but it was not anticipated that he would thus early in the campaign make such frank acknowledgment."

"Inasmuch as Mr. White has thus publicly and handsomely acclaimed that all elements of Republicans are approving Senator Harding's attitude, it may be added that he has sensed the situation with admirable perspicacity. Republicans of all sections and groups are solidly in favor of Senator Harding's attitude. This is proved by thousands of letters and telegrams from every State, among which the numbers of States commonly Democratic are not less than amazing. A large percentage are, moreover, from men who describe themselves as having heretofore been Democrats."

"Chairman White has made a correct discovery that the Republican party is completely unified. Republicans are quite as satisfied in noting the complete accord of the President and the nominee chosen by the Democratic party."

Senator Harding held a string of conferences today and worked at snatches between times on the next front porch speech, which will be delivered Wednesday. Among those on his appointment list were Prof. Irving Fisher, of Yale, Mayor Charles Jewett, of Indianapolis and Representative Frederick C. Hicks, of New York.

Mr. Hicks, who has just completed a trip through the West, told the candidate that although there was some disappointment there over Senator Johnson's defeat for the nomination in Chicago, the people now are 'satisfied' and that the Harding candidacy was growing rapidly in strength.

Currency inflation and other fiscal subjects were discussed by Prof. Fisher.

A prediction that Irish sympathizers will support Harding and Coolidge was made by Representative William E. Mason, of Illinois, one of the leaders of the fight in Congress for Irish recognition, in a statement made public from Harding headquarters today after he had conferred with the nominee.

"Friends of Ireland of course have to be for Harding," the statement said, "because they know what Article X of the League covenant means—it would hitch Ireland to England forever and bind us to help keep it there; and Governor Cox has pledged himself to support the Wilson programme."

Representative Mason predicted the Republicans would carry Illinois by at least 200,000 and that the Republican national ticket would be elected by a majority "the most overwhelming since Grant's."

A BARGAIN—FARM, CROP, STOCK ETC., FOR SALE

A good farm, well located, 2 1/2 miles from Beaver Dam, consisting of 103 acres, good six-room dwelling, two barns and other out-buildings. 25 acres of good corn, 3 acres nice tobacco, lot of hay, 15 head of cattle, 3 head of horses, fine lot of duroc jersey hogs, farming implements and machinery of all kinds. In short, a fine farm well stocked and equipped, all for \$15,000, possession at once.

CAL P. KEOWN.

Hartford, Ky.

Mr. Royce M. Igleheart, of Ellasville, Texas, will arrive here Monday, to visit his mother, Mrs. Helen Igleheart and family.

HARDING OFF IN PORCH CAMPAIGN

Plea For Co-operation And Neighborly Spirit Of Fellowship

Marion, O., July 31.—Turning aside from the political issues that have been in the forefront of the campaign, Senator Harding took for the theme of his first front-porch speech today a plea for solidarity of purpose and mutual good understanding among all classes and geographical sections of the country.

Only a spirit of "commingling friendship," he said, could produce the full realization of mutual interdependence necessary to attainment of the nation's highest destinies. He pleaded that East, West, North and South and the jealousies of class and selfish interest be forgotten in peace as they had been in war.

In a passing reference to wartime taxation, the nominee declared the excess profits tax schedule should be modified to accord with peace requirements and that he would not hesitate to ask Congress for prompt action to that end. He added, however, that he was "not yet prepared to suggest an equitable substitute."

Serenade With Bands.

The speech was delivered from the porch of the Harding residence to a delegation from Mansfield, in a neighboring Ohio county, which came up in marching order, and serenaded the candidate with four brass bands. In the crowd which filled the lawn and overflowed into the street were many known personally to the candidate, and they cheered him as he held up their conception of neighborliness as a model for the nation.

In a short address of greeting, E. B. Capeller, of Mansfield, told Senator Harding many Democrats were in the delegation and that hundreds more in Richland County were going to help the boys and girls of other counties to carry Ohio and the nation for the Republican ticket in November.

After the nominee's response, he came down the steps with Mrs. Harding, who had stood a few feet behind him during the speech, and they shook hands for a half hour as the crowd filed by.

Porch Campaign Opens.

Today's speech marked the formal opening of the front porch campaign, which is expected before the summer is over to bring to Marion many thousands of Republican voters. Two more Ohio delegations are to be received during the coming week, and two later dates already have been announced.

"It is with a keen sense of delight that I welcome your visit today," said Senator Harding.

"I am pleased that you come, not only as Republicans, but as neighbors and friends. We need to cultivate friendliness and neighborliness. I sometimes think in this busy, work-a-day world we are neglecting those little acts of neighborliness that make life sweet and worth while. It is well enough for one to strive to get ahead in a material sense, for thru that ambition human progress is wrought. To acquire and accumulate honestly is most laudable, but we should not forget that life's greatest joys lie in the social concourse of friends and neighbors. Out of such relations grow mutual respect, mutual sympathy and mutual interest, without which life holds little of real enjoyment."

Americans Interdependent.

"The especial thought in my mind today is the interdependence and the mutuality of interest of all our people. One could underwrite the good fortunes of mankind if he could guarantee in prosperity that fraternity—that common interest—which is born of adversity. The Pilgrim Fathers laid their eternal foundations of new-world liberty, the same concord, the same mutuality followed every pioneering step in the development of the republic.

"The tendency to class consciousness is a product of developing fortunes and is both a reflex of achievement and a menace to maintained progress. We must caution against class distinction and class conflict at every step.

"Here in the Middle West, where farming is free from tenantry and holds to the normal way, and manufacturing is mainly confined to the plants of that moderate size which indexes the surpassing fabrics of American industry, we have the touch of intimacy and that closer understanding which emphasize the thought I have in mind. We can not promote agriculture alone, because the factory is necessary to the making of a market. We can not foster the factory and ignore agriculture, because the farm is our base of food supply.

Looking Forward.

"There is no living today or tomorrow, according to the standards of

yesterday. Every normal being is looking forward. We collect more federal taxes in one year than the entire wealth of the republic a century ago. Only a little while ago our grievances about taxes were wholly local, because a half century of Republican control of the federal government held us free from direct burdens. But the changed policy, the Democratic drift to freedom of trade, which is international rather than national, and mounting cost of government and finally war burdens, turned federal taxation to a colossal burden.

"No one seriously complained while the national crisis hung over us, but we must work a readjustment for stabilized and prosperous peace. We ought to make wealth bear its full share of tax burdens, and we ever will. Having this thought in mind and also thinking of the excessive cost of living, I doubt if the excess profits tax for war precisely accomplishes the end we seek in peace, tho we do not disagree about the worthy intent. Its operations have been disappointing. Its cost multiplied and pyramided, and righteous charges and modifications ought to be sought at an early day.

Will Seek Solution.

"I would gladly recommend a change, but I am not yet prepared to suggest an equitable substitute, tho I should have no hesitancy in asking Congress to seek the earliest possible solution. The reduced cost of government is already pledged, and reduced appropriation by Congress is already recorded. We must not paralyze American production by taxation at home or destructive competition from abroad, because our mutual interest in productivity has made us what we are.

"Despite all the depreciation, I can not bring myself to accept the notion that the inter-relation among our men and women has departed. We are a democratic people. Our state was founded by people who brought with them the ancient social customs of neighborhood confraternity—the tie that knits together, whose widening circle makes of the mass of homogeneous people.

"There is a disposition of some to inveigh against one section or another, as selfish interests may suggest, but the broad national welfare contemplates no East and no West, no North and no South. Pride of locality is most commendable, but patriotism is not sectional. Politically, we may divide as God gives us to see the right, but materially, socially and economically, we must be an entity—united, harmonious and interdependent.

Natural Laws Operate.

"By cultivating the spirit of friendliness, by a recognition of interdependence, the problems of life are made much easier for all. There is a growing tendency to look to government for all remedies, forgetting there are natural laws that will operate to correct evils if given a fair chance. Oftentimes well-meaning laws defeat the very object they are designed to accomplish.

"Our country holds out opportunity to all, but upon the supreme condition that those who would avail themselves of that opportunity shall be entirely worthy, and know and accept fully the spirit of American institutions.

"Many hundreds of your neighbors and mine came from lands across the sea. They came to become citizens and accept the obligations as well as the advantages of American citizenship. We welcomed them cordially, and they became participants in our activities, sharers in our disappointments and our triumphs. They walked with us in the fraternity and mutuality of citizenship, and are of the empire builders and the republic's defenders.

"Out of the varied nativity we wrought American nationality, out of Old World representatives, resolved to start anew, in supreme mutuality of interests, we wrought the loftiest example of representative democracy the world has known. I utter my gratitude as a fellow-citizen, and want to supplement it with my conviction as a Republican, that our highest duty is to cling to the fundamentals on which we built to world astonishment and hold fast to the nationality which inspired our onward march."

A Traveling Man's Experience

You may learn something from the following by W. H. Ireland, a traveling salesman of Louisville, Ky. "In the summer of 1888 I had a severe attack of cholera morbus. I gave the hotel porter fifty cents and told him to buy me a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy and to take no substitute. I took a double dose of it according to the directions and went to sleep. At five o'clock the next morning I was called by my order and took a train for my next stopping place, a well man."

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTOR

TURKISH CAPITAL LIKE BOOM TOWN

East And West In Strange Mixture Under Allied Occupation

Constantinople, July 7.—Constantinople now combines all the frenzy of a new mining camp and a world seaport. Its "the end of the trail" for all the Balkan states and everything west of Suez on the Mediterranean. Caucasian oil men, Donetz Basin miners, Anatolian sheep and cattle kings, Greek war millionaires and Syrian merchants rush to Constantinople to pop campaign in proof of their success. Soldiers and sailors of half a dozen nations swell the population and add to the cosmopolitan aspect of the streets and pleasure resorts.

Under allied occupation the city has become a wilder place than it was under the Turks. There are no civil courts. None of the allies desire to assume responsibility for reforms other than are necessary to safeguard life. Italian, French and British troops cooperate with the Turkish gendarmerie in keeping order. But everybody's job is nobody's job. Consequently Constantinople is a very wide-open town. Midnight closing is enforced pretty generally, but until that hour there is little interference with dance halls gambling dives and red-light districts unless murder is committed.

Leadsville and Goldfield in their dizzy days never offered anything wilder than certain sections of Constantinople, where jazz bands vie with Neapolitan orchestras and tsigne singers in their efforts to attract wayfarers into the beer tunnels and dance halls filled to overflowing with the painted women of many nationalities.

Half a dozen summer gardens offer vaudeville programs, which attract thousands of persons every night who seem to have far more interest in the drinks and restless crowds than in the Russian prima donnas and bare-legged dancers, whose art is usually as meager as their attire. Turks, Arabs, Bedouins, Egyptians and Assyrians, georgiously clad in native costumes, elbow their way among Cossacks and Georgians, whose uniforms are far more brilliant than their recent military achievements.

Coal-black French colonials, resplendent in red fezzes and green khaki, mingle with Sikhs and Punjabis, whose long hair and many-colored headresses are wrapped in some brown. Civilians, soldiers and sailors from all parts of the world are hopelessly jumbled together in Constantinople crowds and are so busy looking at each other that tenors from the Petrograd opera, naughty French singers from Montmartre and Austrian strong-jawed ladies claim but slight attention.

Constantinople itself is a grand pageant every day. Its main thoroughfare, Rue Grand Pera, is more fascinating than any scene which producers can ever hope to stage. Camel drivers lead their patient trains, burst street cars, shrieking army motor cars and carriages, piloted over the rough paving at breakneck speed by Turkish hostlers, who crack their whips and shout constantly at high pitch to pedestrians, who venture off the narrow sidewalks. Turks mounted on tiny donkeys move indifferently thru this maelstrom. Occasionally Turkish peasants drive a flock of sheep or turkeys into this whirl of traffic and serene oxen draw heavy carts along at a pace so slow that drivers of military camions curse them in ten different languages.

The narrow, crooked streets of Constantinople are ill-suited to motor traffic and the slow-going fatalistic Turk is little inclined to change his pace. Consequently there are many accidents and the indifference with which foreign military cars are driven has done much to intensify Turkish hatred of foreigners.

Catarhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists. 75c.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

WOMAN GETS SHAVE LIKE REGULAR GUY

Chester, Pa., July 31.—Shaving a woman customer was a new experience and an unusual one when Snowden B. Maslin, a knight of the razor, was called upon to perform the operation. The barber's first thought

was that the woman patron was about to engage his services to trim a youngster's golden tresses. Then he concluded that she must be a book agent, but when she coolly removed her hat and veil and placed them on one of the hat hooks like a "regular feller," and slipped into one of the big chairs, he looked his astonishment.

With the instruction "once over," the woman settled herself for the business in hand.

"Do you really wish to be shaved?" inquired the barber.

"Certainly I do," was the determined answer.

After the operation was completed the woman paid the price, entered an automobile and was driven away.

Surgeons agree that in cases of Cuts, Burns, Bruises and Wounds the First Treatment is most important. When an efficient antiseptic is applied promptly, there is no danger of infection and the wound begins to heal at once. For use on man or beast, Borozone is the Ideal Antiseptic and Healing Agent. Buy it now and be ready for an emergency. Price 25c, 50c, \$1.00 and \$1.50. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

WAR PROCLAIMED AGAINST HUERTA

Mexicali Mexico July 31.—Esteban Cantu, governor of Lower California, issued a proclamation today declaring a state of war exists between Lower California and the de la Huerta government of Mexico. In the proclamation Cantu declares Gen. Alvaro Obregon and Alfredo de la Huerta, defacto president, are in rebellion against the constituted authorities of Mexico.

Governor Cantu made the point that the de la Huerta government was not recognized by the United States or any other nation and that the Carranza government is still the legal government. He asserts de la Huerta and Obregon are in possession of the national capital as rebels.

Carranzistas are reported flocking to the Cantu standard and it was reported Cantu would go to Chihuahua to overthrow the Huerta forces there.

Imports from the United States to Lower California were threatened with being cut off tonight by action of the Mexican federal government.

Manuel G. Parades, the Mexican federal government consular agent at Calexico California, gateway to Lower California, notified American customs brokers and commercial agents that the Mexican government will not recognize the right of Governor Cantu of Lower California, to collect import duties.

FOUR ESCAPE FROM MASON COUNTY JAIL

Maysville, Ky., Aug. 2.—Four prisoners, Dora Owens, Lloyd Herman, Edward Mason and Bud Berry, sawed out three bars in a window of the Mason County Jail here and escaped this morning about 1 o'clock. They made the saw out of an old case knife. All were being held for trial on felony charges at the September term of court. Henry Eddings, charged with murder; H. M. Withrow, accused of forgery, and Robert Outten, a city prisoner, refused to go. No trace of the escaped men had been found today.

The adverse exchange of England on America, it is estimated, is costing that country \$1,125,000,000 a year.

The famous mills of the Montmartre district in Paris, are to be torn down to make room for the construction of new houses.

BELGIAN KING SHY ON HIS WAR RECORD

Geneva, July 31.—King Albert of Belgium, accompanied by guide Joseph Ravenel, who served thruout the war as a "Blue Devil" of France, incidentally being at Verdun, ascended Dru peak the other day. The king and the soldier remained on the summit for half an hour, the guide discreetly, he thought, trying to question the king on his war record. The king was reluctant to speak of his war experience. When the guide came down he asked a newspaper man:

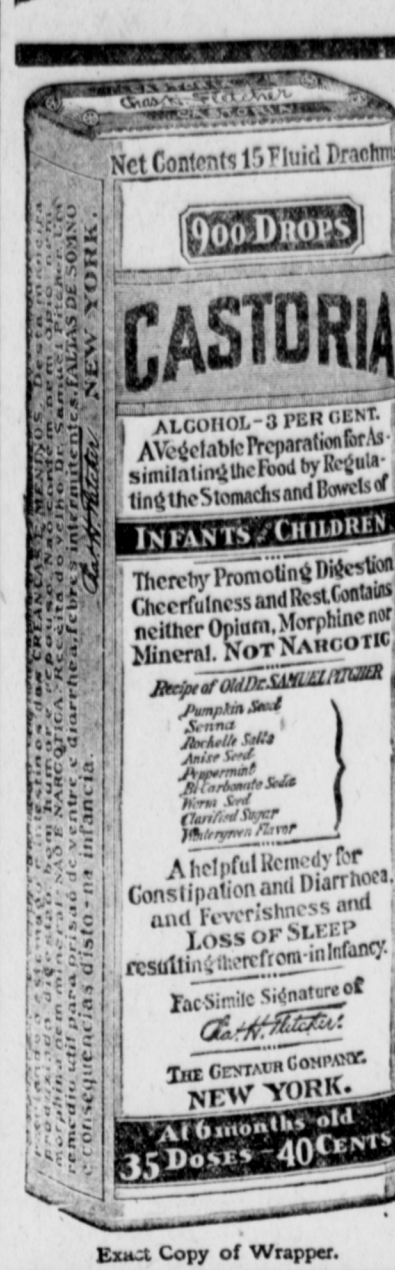
"What was it that the American General Sherman said about war? King Albert told me 'Sherman said all that is to be said about war in three words.'"

BEEF PRICES DECLINE

Chicago, Aug. 2.—The wholesale price of beef declined throughout the East an average of 10 to 15 per cent between June 26 and July 24, the American Institute of Meat Packers announced today.

The decline in the cheaper cuts was greater than in the better grades, due the statement says, to a heavy demand for choice meats.

A declaration of war always brings down the suicide rate of a country, while a financial panic increases it.



MANY UPS AND DOWNS BUT STILL WITH JOB

Distance Traveled In Monument Would Circle Earth Twice

Washington, July 31.—Twice the distance round the world, or nearly 50,000 miles, in an elevator is the travel record of James B. Evans, conductor of the "lift" in Washington Monument, and it is believed to be a world's record.

This fall Mr. Evans celebrates the forty-second anniversary of his service at the monument, thirty trips a day for forty-two years!

When the veteran elevator man came to the monument the big white shaft had risen only about a third of its present height and, except for the use of the workmen, no elevator had been installed. That was in 1878, and it was not until ten years later that the shaft was completed and the passenger elevator put in operation.

The elevator on its first trip was operated by Mr. Evans, and since that date he has been continuously in charge of the car.

Practically all the famous men and women who have visited Washington during that time have been passengers in Mr. Evans' elevator, including each of the Presidents and Vice Presidents.

The monument was one of the first public edifices visited by President Wilson when he came to Washington eight years ago. Of the present chief executive, Mr. Evans says:

"Yes, he seems to be a right nice sort of fellow. Came into my car and took off his hat just as anyone might do. I noticed he didn't say much—just talked a few words to the men with him. I liked his looks as well as those of any of the other Presidents that have ridden in my car."

Mr. Evans was away on his vacation when the Prince of Wales and the Belgian royal family visited the monument and he looks a bit wistful when he mentions missing the Belgians.

"I carried a 'slew' of princes to the top," he said, "but I never had a chance at a real live king and queen before."

Mr. Evans figures that in the past thirty-two years he has made about 350,400 trips in the passenger elevator. On each of these trips the car goes about 540 feet up and the same distance down, making a total of something like 119,216,000 feet that it has traveled, or about 50,000 miles.

"That's twice around the earth," Mr. Evans commented. "I bet no other elevator conductor in the world can equal that."

Figuring it in years, the veteran estimates that he has spent about six years traveling in his elevator.

Apply a cotton cloth wet with Ballard's Snow Liniment to all wounds, cuts, burns, sores or blisters, and note its wonderful healing power. It is prompt and very effective. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

HARDING AND COOLIDGE

Every free-born American citizen can take genuine pride in the selection of Warren G. Harding, United States Senator from Ohio, as the presidential candidate of the Republican party.

Senator Harding is typical of the opportunities of America. He was born poor. His father was a struggling physician in a tiny Ohio hamlet. Young Harding worked his way thru school and college. He worked during the summer months at farming, at railroad building, at teaching, at house and sign painting and at a printer's case, to earn the money to educate himself.

When he came out of college—he went to a little, unknown college in Ohio, which is no longer in existence—he taught school and worked as a printer until he took over the sheet of liabilities of a little local stock which had more obligations than type fonts.

Intensely practical and exceedingly ambitious, young Harding worked night and day to build up that paper, and today he has in the Marion Daily Star as fine a smalltown daily as is published in the country.

Harding is self-made. He has grown from a farmer lad to a man whose wise judgment and counsel have been courted by the biggest men in his party.

As an example of the old saying that every American cradle is the potential birthplace of a president, Harding stands pre-eminent.

Through all his steady climb Harding has never lost sight of his early struggles. He has always felt the deepest sympathy and understanding in the efforts of the working classes to better themselves. He has the closest personal sympathy and under-

standing with the farmer element because he has been a farmer. Since he has grown to power and eminence, he has been in contact with the classes that administer the country's industries, and he has learned their problems and their difficulties. So he is equipped mentally to weigh and balance in the scales of his cool judgment the rights and wrongs of each.

In his public life Harding has ever been governed in all his decisions and votes by this cool judgment and ability to put himself in the other fellow's place. He has not forgotten his experiences as a laborer and farmer, and his votes have reflected his sympathy and understanding of the needs of the masses. He has never cast a vote against the interest of the people, and he has fathered and supported all of the important measures aimed to better the conditions of the laboring classes. Among the legislative acts he has supported may be mentioned the child labor law, the minimum wage law, the civil service retirement law, the rehabilitation of industrial cripples law and the woman's bureau of the Labor Department.

He has voted for woman suffrage and supported the cause in states where ratification was doubtful, using his eloquence and his influence for the cause of suffrage.

Indeed every act of his political career is marked by progressiveness and far-sighted realization of the importance of political developments.

Harding is a Republican of the Lincoln and McKinley type. Like these great figures of the past he believes in the importance of co-operative action in deciding the great issues. He has consistently decried the egoism of autocratic methods of government. He has always said that the great strength of the Republican party lay in its willingness to profit by wise counsel, and he has declared frequently that a president's cabinet should enlist the biggest men in the party instead of sawdust puppets to bob their heads to presidential orders. Only by having men of such calibre can government really succeed, and when he is elected to the presidency and takes his seat in the White House next March 4th, his cabinet selections will show that his practical knowledge of men will enable him to build up an organization such as surrounded Lincoln, McKinley and Roosevelt, all Republicans who believed in this great fundamental policy.

Harding personally is the embodiment of the finest American manhood. He is a good fighter, but a clean fighter. He is a good friend but even friendship has never stood in the way of his duty. He is an able man as his every private and public act proclaims. He is a good man, religious and tolerant, a gentle, kindly husband and a good neighbor.

His employees on the Marion Daily Star will tell you that he is their friend and fellow worker, as well as their boss, and that they take their troubles, their joys and their worries to Warren Harding with just the same freedom today that they did before the people of Ohio selected him for high honors.

Harding is an ardent patriot. His love of country and his worship of the flag is the outstanding thing in his life. On the occasions when he went abroad for rest, recreation and study of European governments and conditions, he always said on his return, that every time he went abroad he came back glad and proud of the fact that he is an American.

The next president of the United States will have great responsibilities and heavy tasks. He will have to bring order out of the chaos of disorder which an administration of inefficiency and misrule has created. Serious problems will have to be met and answered. The man who undertakes this heroic task must be a man who measures up big. He must be an honest man, a fearless man, a strong man.

When the Republicans in the Chicago convention eliminated all other claimants for the honor of standard-bearer they picked the right man in Warren Gamaliel Harding, of Ohio.

He is the man who can lead the country out of the darkness into the light. He is a man we can pin our hopes and our votes on with confidence that he will live up to the great traditions of the party of Lincoln and McKinley and Roosevelt.

KAISER'S NEPHEWS EARN LIVING

Berlin, July 31.—Four sons of the Kaiser's youngest sister, Princess Margaret of Prussia, are now working hard to earn a livelihood. One is acting as a farm laborer in order to learn agriculture thoroughly. He rises at 5 in the morning and works hard till 8 in the evening, plowing, sowing and doing other farm work.

The second son is an engineer, working in the shops and attending lectures. The third son is learning architecture, and the fourth is a minor official working in the demobilization department.

The princess lost two sons in the war.

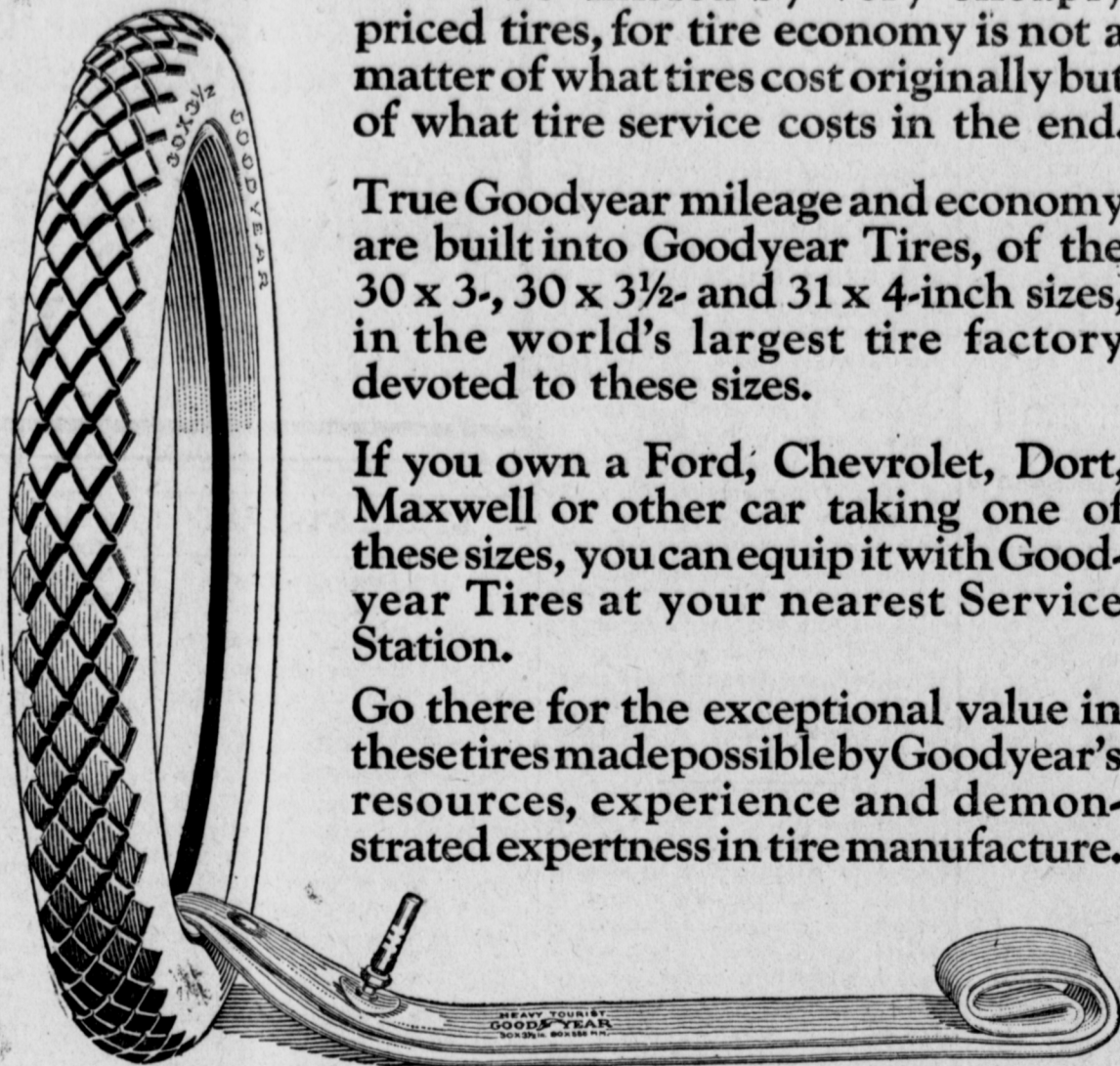
Get Goodyear Value In Tires for Small Cars

Don't be misled by very cheaply priced tires, for tire economy is not a matter of what tires cost originally but of what tire service costs in the end.

True Goodyear mileage and economy are built into Goodyear Tires, of the 30 x 3-, 30 x 3½- and 31 x 4-inch sizes, in the world's largest tire factory devoted to these sizes.

If you own a Ford, Chevrolet, Dort, Maxwell or other car taking one of these sizes, you can equip it with Goodyear Tires at your nearest Service Station.

Go there for the exceptional value in these tires made possible by Goodyear's resources, experience and demonstrated expertness in tire manufacture.



30 x 3½ Goodyear Double-Cure Fabric, All-Weather Tread..... \$23.50

30 x 3½ Goodyear Single-Cure Fabric, Anti-Skid Tread..... \$21.50

Goodyear Heavy Tourist Tubes cost no more than the price you are asked to pay for tubes of less merit—why risk costly casings when such sure protection is available? \$4.50
30 x 3½ size in waterproof bag.

GOODYEAR

WAR SECRETARY AND FERTILIZER TRUST

By Loaning 100,000 Tons Has Made Gift of \$4,000,000 To Farmers' Detriment.

Washington, July 31.—That Secretary of War Baker recommended the turning over to the fertilizer trust of 100,000 tons of nitrate which had been stored for war purposes and thereby made it a present of \$4,000,000, to the detriment of the farmers of the country, is charged by Representative Tinscher, of Kansas.

In explanation of his charge, Tinscher says:

"In April the Secretary of War appeared before the Committee on Military Affairs and recommended that the surplus of the nitrate of soda then on hand in possession of the Government—100,000 tons—be loaned to the trust. I was in the Committee on Agriculture at the time that happened, when members from the Committee on Military Affairs came into the Committee on Agriculture and asked us what we knew about it, that being a product which is used in the manufacture of fertilizer. Mr. Hutchinson of New Jersey, a member of that committee, knew all about it. He said, 'You do not want to do that,' and he took his lead pencil and fixed the resolution so that it was all right, because it provided that the Government should sell the nitrate now, at a time when the price for it is higher than it has ever been or ever will be again. He said, 'We either ought to reduce the price and sell to the farmers at a reasonable rate, or, looking at it from a commercial standpoint, sell it for what it is worth and put the money into the Treasury.' The resolution provided that we should not loan it but should sell it in lots of not less than 1 ton or more than 100 tons."

"What has the War Department done? They have entered into a written agreement with the trust, the three men, by which they have sold it to them ostensibly at a rate of \$80 per ton, allowing them \$890,000 for handling it, but they have not sold it to them, because they have bought it back next June, a year from this,

for \$80 a ton. They are making the trust a present of \$4,000,000 based on any reasonable hypothesis as to what this nitrate will be worth at that time. Every man knows that, and the department has just simply ignored the act of Congress and ignored our rights to pass laws, has violated its obligations, if it has any toward the people, toward the Government, and is standing in with that profiteering combination, and I shall call upon the Department of Justice of the United States to bring action to nullify the contract and prevent this fraud on our Government."

"If the Department of Justice is against profiteering and against the trust and for the people and for the Treasury, if the things that department says are not idle words, then that action will be brought. There is not a lawyer in this House who, if this would happen in his State and he held a prosecuting office, would bring suit and stop that unfaithful officer, such as the Secretary of War—this conscientious Secretary of ours. He would stop him from absolutely doing what he wanted to and what the law we passed says he shall not do. Some may say that it has nothing to do with profiteering. Let me tell you. He has set the price of this product that goes into fertilizer, for one year from now, at \$80 a ton, a higher price than ever was paid. He has fixed that price. That price fixing has only one equal in history, and that is the price fixing by the Department of Justice on sugar. It is in the interest of the profiteers, against the people, against the Government, against the taxpayers, and I call upon the Department of Justice, if there is one iota of sincerity in the make-up of that department, to bring action to prevent this nefarious fraud upon the people."

Constipation is the starting point for many serious diseases. To be healthy, keep the bowels active and regular. Herbine will remove all accumulations in the bowels and put the system in prime condition. Price 60c. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

MORE VIOLATORS FALL AFOUL OF PURE FOOD AND DRUGS LAW

Fifty manufacturers and dealers have discovered that the food and drugs act, enforced by the United States Department of Agriculture, is an exceedingly live regulation. Among the 51 misbranded or adulterated articles appear many varieties of products not ordinarily thought of as coming under the jurisdiction of the act.

Corned beef cases, so marked as to indicate that the contents complied with the requirements of the U. S. Navy, when they did not; eye salve that consisted principally of zinc ointment; egg noodles in a package marked "8 ounces" in large letters, and "6 ounces" in small, indistinct characters, and which product proved to contain very little egg at all; canned salmon that was really putrid and decomposed; gelatin, so marked which the chemists found to contain glue and other added and poisonous materials; and rice bran heavily adulterated with rice hulls instead of bran, are among the items mentioned in the announcement. Butter, capicum, aspirin tablets, santal oil capsules, cordial, cottonseed meal, fish, eggs, flour, peppers, spring water—these and many others indicate the extensive nature of the work carried on by the Government in protecting the public health.

A Great Remedy.
The merits of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy are well known and appreciated, but there is occasionally a man who had no acquaintance with them and should read the following by F. H. Dear, a hotel man at Dupuyer, Mont. "Four years ago I used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy with such wonderful results that I have since recommended it to my friends."

THREE AUTOS TO EVERY MILE

The Federal Bureau of Public Roads shows that there were 7,665,446 motor vehicles of all types registered in the United States during the calendar year of 1919, an increase of 23 per cent over the previous year. License and registration fees alone

last year amounted to \$64,700,000, and practically all this sum was devoted to road maintenance and construction. The highway officials estimate that there are 2,475,000 miles of highway in the country, and a simple long division problem shows that there are three cars to every mile of highway. Alabama, Arkansas, Mississippi, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Oklahoma and Wyoming have one car or less for every mile and a half of their roads. But Rhode Island brings up the average by producing more than twenty cars to the mile. Massachusetts has thirteen and two tenths cars to the mile and New Jersey's average it only slightly less. California has seven and eight tenths cars to the mile.

When you yawn a good deal in the daytime, feel dull, achey and want to stretch frequently it is an unmistakable symptom of malaria, and unless you do something at once you are booked for a spell of chills. Herbine is a chill medicine that will prevent or cure the disease. It drives out the impurities on which the malarial germ thrives, strengthens the liver and cleanses the bowels. Price 60c. Sold by Ohio County Drug Co.

LAND OF ANTIQUITY TO HAVE TRACTORS

London, July 31.—An international tractor show for India is announced by the Agricultural Department for 1921. Makers in Britain, the United States and elsewhere are invited to participate.

In India, where most of the farm work is done with oxen or man power a few American tractors are already in use and have made miraculous names for themselves. Tractor trials were held on a small scale under the auspices of the Agricultural Department last February, and the demonstration was successful, even under India's most trying weather conditions.

HIGHER PRICED.

The Wife—Isn't that your eye doctor?
The Husband—I thought so until he sent me in his bill. He's a skin specialist.—Harper's Weekly.

BEAVER DAM, KY

Men's Comfort Apparel



In preparing for hot weather we have not overlooked the fact that men like real comfort, hence we provided ourselves with a splendid stock that will appeal to all comfort seekers. We would suggest first

Cool Underwear.

We can supply you in Union Suits or separate garments, in the Paris Knit, Nainsook or Balbriggan. Prices run from \$1.00 to \$1.50 suit.

Half Hose.

The snappy new ideas in men's sox are always found in our stock. Make your feet comfortable by getting into a pair of them. Plain, solid colors or fancies, and our prices are in your reach—see them. 35c to \$1.50 the pair.

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

If you need a double shovel or 5-shovel Cultivator go to ACTON BROS

Mrs. O. T. Burns went to Mayfield Wednesday, where she will be the guest of relatives during the remainder of the week.

Miss Mina White, of Blackford, who has been the guest of Miss Mary Marks since Tuesday, will return to her home tomorrow.

Hay Harvest is here and we have the KEEN KUTTER Pitch Forks, that good Guaranteed kind.

WILLIAMS & DUKE.

County Attorney A. D. Kirk, accompanied by Mrs. Kirk, made a business trip to Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo., last week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Carden and daughter, Miss Sallye, and son C. B. Jr., were the guests of relatives at Haynesville, Sunday.

Messrs. Jeff and R. T. Taylor, of Butler County, were guests of Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Taylor here, during the first of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Hez Ward and son, Morris, went to Owensboro Tuesday, where an operation was performed on Morris, for tonsil trouble.

Rev. Felix Sanders, of Elkton, is assisting Rev. E. Watt Smith in a revival at Mt. Hermon. Services are held at 2:30 and 7:30 P. M.

Mr. and Mrs. Harlan Tichenor and daughter, Marguerine, of Champaign, Ill., are visiting relatives here and other places in the county.

Mrs. E. W. Smith and son, Master George Watterson, are spending the month with Mrs. Smith's parents, at Smith Mills, near Henderson.

Mrs. R. L. Duke and little daughter, of Henderson, are the guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. Will Brown and Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Duke.

James Glenn, who is with the Merchants Wholesale Grocery Co., of Louisville, came down Saturday, returning early Monday morning.

Mrs. D. B. Rhoads and little son, who have been visiting friends and relatives in Morgantown, returned Saturday, to their home in Beaver Dam.

Rev. E. Watt Smith will fill his regular appointment here August the 15th, morning and night, leaving the revival at Mt. Hermon in other hands, on that date.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Ward, of No-creek, accompanied their son Carrol, to Owensboro, Tuesday for the purpose of having the young man's tonsils removed.

Judge John P. Haswell, of Hardinsburg, candidate for the Republican nomination for congress, was in Hartford and Ohio County, Wednesday and Thursday.

Dr. M. D. Maddox, of Louisville, is spending the week here with his sister, Mrs. J. C. Hill, and family and his parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Maddox, of Equality.

Miss Mae Smith, who is teaching at Coffman, accompanied by Miss Audrey Sharers, spent the week-end here with Miss Smith's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Smith.

Mrs. E. E. Birkhead and Misses Kennedy and Mary Warren Collins will go to Barrett's Ferry today to be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Davison for a few days.

Prof. and Mrs. E. S. Howard and little daughter, Tryphena, motored to Morgantown, Wednesday, where Mr. Howard attended the Teachers' Institute, in session there.

Mr. McDowell Fair and family, of North Chattanooga, Tenn., are expected to arrive here today to visit Mr. Fair's father, Mr. G. G. Fair, and other relatives, a few days.

Mrs. A. W. Mills, of this place, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Bessie Daly, of Detroit, Mich., are spending the week with relatives in the Bell's Run and Beda countries.

For Sale—10.5 acres good land, with good dwelling, barn and outbuildings. The G. W. Gordon property at Prentiss. See 4t4

COURTLAN M. TAYLOR, Route 3, Beaver Dam.

Mrs. Vada Estes, of Denver, Colo., spent from Saturday until Tuesday here, the guest of her uncle, S. L. King and family. Mrs. Estes, accompanied by Miss Margaret and Annibell King, went to Guthrie, where they will be guests of relatives for a week.

H. T. Holbrook made a business trip to St. Louis, the first of this week.

Miss Eula Shown, of Owensboro, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Morris this week.

Mrs. Oscar Bishop returned Wednesday, to Corbin, after spending a week here, with Mr. Bishop.

Miss Lizzie Miller, of Central City, is here, the guest of her mother, Mrs. Jennie Miller, and other relatives.

Mr. Ellis King, who has been visiting friends in Harrisburg, Ark., for the past week, returned yesterday.

Mrs. Ellis Hoover, of Barnett's Creek, is spending the week here with her mother, Mrs. E. Crabtree and Mr. Crabtree.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Harris and little son, returned home Sunday after two weeks visit at Madisonville, Providence and other points.

Mrs. W. F. Newcomb, of the Washington country, returned Sunday from Dawson Springs, where she had spent ten days.

Mrs. W. C. Ambrose left Wednesday for Southerland, where she will make an extended visit with Mr. Willie Dodson and family.

Miss Vera Hawkins, of Ada, Okla., arrived Tuesday to spend her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Hawkins, of near town.

Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Baker and Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Moreland and family, of Owensboro, motored over and spent Sunday with Mrs. Helen Igleheart.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Bean returned Sunday from Akron and Portsmouth, Ohio, where they had spent two weeks with their daughters, Mrs. N. L. Rowe and Mrs. B. M. Tanner.

Dr. E. B. Pendleton and little son, Eugene Banks, Jr., who had been visiting Dr. Pendleton's son, Mr. Trimble Pendleton and family, of Kuttawa, returned Wednesday.

Mr. W. G. Bennett and daughter, Miss Esther, returned home Tuesday from Dawson Springs, and from Drakesboro, to which latter place they went to visit Mr. George Bennett and family.

Mrs. A. C. Porter spent from Friday until Tuesday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Robertson, of Heflin. Mrs. Porter's sister, Mrs. C. B. McCallister, of Columbus, Ga., who accompanied Mrs. Porter, remained with her parents.

Mrs. J. P. Casebier and sons, Forest and J. C., accompanied by Mrs. Casebier's brother, Mr. Charlie Bell, who is here from Detroit, Mich., went to Pleasant Ridge last Sunday, to spend the week with Mr. T. B. Bell and family.

For Sale—Pure-bred-to-day, White Leghorn and English Leghorn Cockereels, 8 to 12 weeks old, \$1.50 and \$2.00 each.

MRS. J. W. TAYLOR, Beaver Dam, Ky. Route 3—Box 32.

Mrs. A. V. Goodin and three children, of Charleston, Mo., who arrived here the first of this week to visit Mrs. Goodin's parents, Capt. and Mrs. S. K. Cox, went to Elkton today, to visit Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Rogers. They will return here the first of next week.

Mr. Sam Riley came up from Owensboro Tuesday to attend to the loading of his household goods and furniture, preparatory to moving it to Owensboro. Mrs. Riley having returned from an extended visit with her daughter and sons in Ohio, they will now reside in Owensboro.

You are invited to call and see my new Dental Office, just opened over Deposit Bank. Besides the conveniences we now have, we are installing electrical equipment that will help make our services more proficient.

Lady attendant.
Yours respectfully,
DR. CHARLES R. LAYTON,
Bank Bldg., Rockport, Ky.
Office hours 8:30 A. M. to 4:00 P. M.

CAR FOR SALE.
1919 Maxwell Touring Car, in splendid condition, good as new, reason for selling, don't need it.
WM. LAKE,
Route 5, Hartford, Ky.

TAXES! TAXES ARE DUE!
Your 1920 tax bill has been placed with us for collection. Please call at the office and get your's.
S. A. BRATCHER,
Sheriff Ohio County.



New Wirthmor Silk Blouses

- Blouses of real style originality.
- Blouses made of serviceable materials.
- Blouses with dependable workmanship.

and what is more important

- Blouses at prices that mean real economy.

We have just received, and will place on sale tomorrow, the very appealing Wirthmor Blouses that are pictured in the current issue of VOGUE. If substantial savings on your waist purchases mean anything to you we would respectfully urge you to come in at once and make your selection from this exceptional lot of blouses.

Eight New Styles, Choice \$6.75

Carson & Co.
Hartford, Kentucky.

The Hartford Republican

FRIDAY.....AUGUST 6

PERSONAL NEWS AND SOCIAL EVENTS

BICYCLES plenty of them.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mowing Machines and Hay Rakes.
ACTON BROS.

Get your cultivator from ACTON BROS, Hartford, Ky.

Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Burns and Mrs. C. E. Smith were in Owensboro Saturday.

Mr. C. C. Dennis, of Prentiss, was in town Wednesday, attending to business.

Mr. J. P. McKinney, druggist at Broadway, spent Sunday here, with his family.

Misses Willie and Sallye Lindley, of Matanzas, were the guests of friends here Sunday.

Mrs. D. N. Crook will leave today for Roberts, where she will visit relatives several days.

Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Igleheart returned Wednesday from Louisville, where they had spent a few days.

Miss Zella Nall, Mrs. D. H. Barnes and Mrs. S. T. Barnett were in Owensboro, Wednesday shopping.

Miss Ernestyne Ralph, who is teaching at Broadway, spent the week-end here with her family.

Mr. and Mrs. Elvis Chinn and family visited Mrs. Chinn's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wilson, Sunday.

Miss Sallye Coleman, of Paradise, was the guest Tuesday and Wednesday, of Miss Elizabeth Davidson.

Mr. and Mrs. Hardin Baird, of the Alexandria country, spent the week end with relatives in Owensboro.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bennett and daughter, Miss Gladys, were guests Sunday of relatives in Livermore.

Squire Leslie Combs and Mr. T. F. Black will return tomorrow from a week's sojourn at Dawson Springs.

We pay cash every day for eggs and poultry.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

A limited amount of seed Irish Potatoes.
WILLIAMS & DUKE.

Lewis Bozarth, who has been in Akron, Ohio for some time, arrived home Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James C. Bennett attended the Baptist Association at Island, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Cook, who are teaching at No. 19, near Echols, spent the week-end here, with relatives.

George Delker Buggies in all styles of unexceptional value are on our floor for your inspection.
ACTON BROS.

Rev. R. E. Fuqua, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Carden, Mrs. E. C. Clemons and daughter motored to Owensboro, yesterday.

Judge T. J. Sparks, of Greenville, and Attorney Walter Wilkinson, of Central City, were in Hartford yesterday.

A full line of Red Spot Paint and Varnishes. Get your supply now while the painting season is on.
ACTON BROS.

Mrs. E. C. Clemons and daughter, of Louisville, are visiting Mrs. Clemon's parents, Rev. and Mrs. R. E. Fuqua.

Mr. Raymond McKinney, of Jenkins, spent several days here recently, with his mother, Mrs. J. P. McKinney and family.

WANTED—Tie Hackers, will furnish living quarters. Apply to
HAROLD HOLBROOK,
31st
Hartford, Ky.

Miss Evelyn Thomas, who has been a student of K. S. U., during the summer term, returned to her home here yesterday.

Mr. P. B. Taylor, who was operated on in Owensboro, the first of last week, has returned home, and is doing splendidly.

We sell the NEW PERFECTION Coal Oil Stove. They are given up to be the best. We have both the 3 burner and the 4 burner.
ACTON BROS.

Will Be at These Towns the Same Date

EACH MONTH

Fordsville, 10 to 11, Johnson House.
Rockport, 12 to 13, Rockport Hotel.
Beaver Dam, 14 to 15, Commercial Hotel.
Hartford, 16 to 17, Commercial Hotel.

Remember, Each Consecutive Month

A. P. HANNEPHIN

OPTOMETRIST and OPTICIAN

522 Cedar Street Cumb. Phone 311
OWENSBORO, KY.

100 Men Wanted!

\$27.00 per week. Steady Job. Brass Rolling Mill Work. No Labor Trouble. Bring receipt for R. R. fare and get your money back after 60 days.

Western Cartridge Company

Employment Dept.,
EAST ALTON, - ILLINOIS.

FARM DEPARTMENT.

Keen Interest in Dust Fans Shown By Coast Threshermen

Farmers and threshermen in the Pacific Northwest, where thrasher explosions and fires have been most frequent, are manifesting a great deal of interest in the dust-collecting fan worked out by the United States Department of Agriculture. This fan takes care of smut and other dusts in such way as to minimize the danger of sufficient dust in suspension to cause an explosion. In connection with the system worked out for grounding thrashers to get rid of the static electricity generated by the machinery in operation, the fan has proved itself an almost sure preventive. There is no record of any machine having exploded when properly equipped with these devices. From the Walla Walla and Palouse districts of Washington, where not less than 89 explosions occurred last year, numerous appeals by telegraph and otherwise are coming to the department for information as to where the fans can be bought. The department for some time past has worked closely with manufacturers of thrashing machinery, arranging for having the fans manufactured in adequate numbers. The Washington grain men are being put in touch with the manufacturers who are in position to supply their needs. The department, however, has been forced by lack of funds to abandon its investigational work, and the plans for still further improving the prevention system has been abandoned, at least for the present.

Simple Form of Organizing Live-Stock Associations.

The simple form of organization that suffices for cooperative live-stock shipping associations is one of their leading features. In the first place, practically no capital is required, since payment is not made to members for stock shipped until the returns are received from the market. To organize, it is necessary only that the farmers of a community meet together, adopt a simple constitution and bylaws, and elect officers and a board of directors, who in turn appoint a manager.

Although in order to transact business it is not necessary for an association of this nature to incorporate under the State laws, it is advisable to do so as a protection to the members. If not incorporated the organization, as such, can not sue or be sued, and in case of the loss of stock from railroad wrecks or other cause the manager could not enforce claims for the association, but each shipper would be compelled to present claims for his own losses. The cost of incorporating is comparatively small—usually not more than \$10.

The United States Department of Agriculture will furnish, on request, the essentials of a model constitution and bylaws.

One of the most practical steps the shipper can take to better his condition is to familiarize himself with business practices and to secure a better knowledge of the way his produce is handled on the market.

How To Establish Contacts In Parcel-Post Marketing.

One of the most important requirements in parcel-post marketing is the bringing of the producer and the consumer into business contact, say specialists of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. This may be attained by personal acquaintance, through the acquaintance of a third person, by advertising in an appropriately selected paper, by personal canvass, and through the post office in the city or town in which a customer is sought.

Once a satisfactory parcel-post business is established with or thru an acquaintance, other customers are likely to be secured through the first one. Advertising frequently may bring the producer into touch with a prospective purchaser. Some papers run a special parcel-post advertising department or section and a brief but well-worded advertisement often will bring results.

Another method is for the producer to make a personal canvass in a residence section of the town or city selected. Good, representative samples of the produce available at the time doubtless will help to secure the first sale.

The postmasters in a number of cities of the country, under the direction of the Post Office Department, have instituted campaigns intended to foster parcel-post marketing. The names and addresses of producers, together with the produce offered, are listed for distribution to the patron of the offices; and some of these postmasters issue for distribution to producers lists of consumers who wish to buy.

Teaches Poultry Methods.

The object of forming boys' and girls' poultry clubs is to give a bet-

ter knowledge of the value and importance of the poultry industry and the marketing of a first-class, uniform product to teach better methods of caring for poultry and eggs, and to show the increased revenue to be derived from well-bred poultry where proper methods of management are pursued.

Dockage Maxims.

The percentage of dockage is an essential factor in arriving at the true value of a lot of wheat. This dockage may consist of either useful or harmful foreign materials.

The various methods of handling dockage should be carefully investigated and the one that is best suited to the needs of the local conditions should be adopted.

When a large percentage of dockage is present in wheat it is advisable to remove it on the farm or at the point of shipment and thus avoid paying the freight for the dirt, chaff, weed seeds, etc., on the basis of the rate for wheat.

The farmer gets a higher numerical grade for his wheat under the dockage system of the Federal grades than he would under a system of grading that does not require a determination for dockage but lowers the grade on account of the total foreign material present in the wheat marketed at country points.

The dockage system in operation protects the farmer from the possibility of low prices fixed by the local buyer in order to insure a safe purchase on a flatrate basis.

Oats rank next to corn and wheat in crop acreage and value in the United States. But, notwithstanding, less attention has been given to the production of oats than to any other important grain, so that yields often have been unsatisfactory and the crop sometimes unprofitable, say specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Circular No. 80.

Lexington, Ky., July 29, 1920. "Raising the Dairy Heifer" is the subject of Circular No. 80, by J. R. Dawson of the College of Agriculture, Extension Division, which may be obtained from the Kentucky Experiment Station.

The circular presents for consideration some of the chief problems in dairying and suggests, for their solution, a discussion of what is done: when the whole milk is sold and when skim-milk is available. Extensive consideration is given in the circular to winter rations for dairy heifers and to other practical winter rations.

Beware of Leaks.

The College of Agriculture advises that, before canning a test should be made for leaks in a screw-top jar by placing the top on the jar without the rubber. If the thumb nail can be inserted between top and glass the top is usually defective. Place rubber and top in position and screw down lightly. Pull rubber from position. Release. If the rubber returns to position the top is defective.

Test The Top.

Before using the glass top jar, make the following test which is advised by the department of Home Economics, College of Agriculture. Place glass top on jar without rubber. Tap with finger around outer edge of top. If the top rocks, it is defective.

Do Away With the Star Boarder Hen.

Free the poultry of lice, the house from mites and give the birds a good balanced ration as is recommended in circular 66, a publication by the College of Agriculture and the number of early moults will be reduced, but if the hen is moulting, it is because she has stopped laying. She is a star boarder. If you keep her, you lose money.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. H. H.*

INDUSTRY LAGS.

Fresh news from the coal mines tells of the trouble of the operators, and it seems more than likely that labor troubles will add to the probability of a coal shortage the coming winter. And what is true with regard to coal also appears to apply to most of the industrial plants of the country which are overstocked and which are vainly trying to speed up production.

The farmers have shown no disposition to curtail their produce, except for the one reason of insufficient help to care for what the soil will

yield in abundance. Of course there is the dreaded apprehension of a lack in transportation facilities; and the car shortage has had a tendency to make farmers as well as manufacturers conservative. But while, everywhere there has been a tendency for manufacturers and farmers to slow down, the striking reason has been that there has not been enough labor to carry on the ordinary game of life.

At the same time, in the cities as well as in the towns and countries, there has been a house shortage. In New York it is not uncommon for a single office room to rent for as high as a thousand dollars a year. In Washington offices are double what they were before the war. This condition holds good in most of the large cities. Apparently there are not enough people to man the industries, to take care of farm production and to build new houses and building structures within the Nation. The United States Census now being taken, shows that the population is increasing, but it does not indicate what has become of the laboring people, who evidently are becoming scarcer and scarcer as the years roll by. If America could analyze her true economic condition she would likely find out that the country is several years behind in the affairs of its shops and households.

Whatever the idealists and theorists could figure out from the above facts is uncertain. In any event conditions all show that the people who predict panics are sadly misguided, as there are of necessity, continued good times ahead—and these likely will improve as more people are compelled to turn to the ranks of industry after dissipating the small fortunes that they accumulated during war times. Doubtless prices are slowly coming down, due to the fact that business profiteers and labor profiteers are being forced to subscribe to saner business conditions demanded by a country at peace with the world.

The railroad problem which holds public attention, and is of constant moment at Washington, does not stand by itself. It is a part of the entire industrial problem of the country and is tied up with it in every detail. Hence it cannot be solved by itself. Any disturbance affecting any industry reacts upon railroad transportation. It may keep cars empty and idle that should be full and running. Then upon the abatement of such a disturbance the demand for products delayed by it becomes abnormally strong for the time being. There is, so to speak, a "rush" hour demand, creating a temporary need for more than a normal supply of cars.

The coal strike of last fall had long extended effects. All production in which iron and steel enter was complicated by the steel strike. Building has been hampered by numerous local strikes of craftsmen and the longshoremen's strikes have rendered it difficult to get many materials. Traffic for export has been complicated by maritime strikes, both of longshoremen and tugmen. Teams' and truckmen's strikes have added to these difficulties. Capital has faced uncertainties and particularly has been unable to make stable contracts at known prices. Commodities have neither been produced nor transported with the foreseeable and dependable regularity of normal times, and this has interfered with the normal flow of commodities.

The exigencies of the war period has resulted—unavoidable, it is true—in deterioration of equipment and facilities which takes time to overcome. The competition for labor has lost to the railroads many skilled men. The lowered efficiency of labor has affected the railroads, just as it has other industries. This, together with the shortened workday basis, has made it impossible to get the same transportation results with the same number of employees as before the war.

NOTICE:

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will on the first Tuesday in September, 1920 make application to the State Board of Control at Frankfort, Kentucky, for a parole, and will ask that he be released from his confinement at the state penitentiary, at Eddyville.

This June 4, 1920.
5010p ERNEST LITSEY.

YES, BUT ONLY ONE GOOD SIDE

"There are two sides to every made philosopher."

"There are two sides to a chestnut," said his friend; "an outside and an inside, but only one of them is worth paying any attention to."—Edinburgh Scotsman.

The Best Physic.

When you want a pleasant physic try Chamberlain's Tablets. They are easy to take and mild and gentle in effect. They are highly prized by people who have become acquainted with their good qualities. They only cost a quarter.

1919 AUTO THEFTS MAKE BIG INCREASE

St. Louis, Mo., July 30.—There were 31,349 automobiles stolen in nineteen "index" cities of the United States in 1919 compared to 25,613 in the same cities in 1918, according to figures compiled by the National Automobile Dealers' Association, headquarters in this city. This is an increase of 22.4 per cent. The figures were obtained from the official reports of the chiefs of police.

Of the 31,349 stolen in 1919, 23,332 were recovered. Of the 25,613 stolen in 1918, 20,203 were recovered.

Cars stolen which were not recovered were valued at approximately \$5,410,000, in 1918 and at \$8,658,380, in 1919.

New York again led the cities in cars stolen with 5,527 in 1919, against 3,340 in 1918, an increase of 35.5 per cent. St. Louis was the only large city where the number was less than in 1918. This is accounted for by a vigorous law enforcement campaign against automobile thieves by the circuit attorney's office. Sentences up to 20 years have been assessed in St. Louis for the theft of an automobile.

General reduction in the number of automobiles stolen is expected during 1920 because of the fact that interstate transportation of stolen automobiles is made a federal offense under the Dyer law. The national motor vehicle theft law, however, did not become effective until November 1919. Numerous convictions have been made throughout the United States under this act this year.

Harry G. Mook, general manager of the dealer organization, has written all district attorneys of the United States extending to them the services of the dealer organization in expediting the collection of information leading to conviction for thefts of motor vehicles.

An Old Fault Finder

An irritable and fault finding disposition is often caused by indigestion. A man with good digestion and bowels that act regularly is usually good natured. When troubled with indigestion or constipation take Chamberlain's Tablets. They strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. They also cause a gentle movement of the bowels.

Was Very Weak

"After the birth of my baby I had a back-set," writes Mrs. Mattie Crosswhite, of Glade Spring, Va. "I was very ill; thought I was going to die. I was so weak I couldn't raise my head to get a drink of water. I took . . . medicine, yet I didn't get any better. I was constipated and very weak, getting worse and worse. I sent for Cardui."

TAKE

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

"I found after one bottle of Cardui I was improving," adds Mrs. Crosswhite. "Six bottles of Cardui and . . . I was cured, yes, I can say they were a God-send to me. I believe I would have died, had it not been for Cardui." Cardui has been found beneficial in many thousands of other cases of womanly troubles. If you feel the need of a good, strengthening tonic, why not try Cardui? It may be just what you need.

All Druggists

DIRECTORY.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge—R. W. Slack, Owensboro.
Com'th. Attorney—C. E. Smith, Hartford.
Clerk—A. C. Porter, Hartford.
Master Commissioner—Otto C. Martin, Hartford.
Trustee Jury Fund—Cal P. Keown, Hartford.
1st Monday in March—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.
1st Monday in May—12 days—Civil.
1st Monday in July—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.
3d Monday in September—12 days—Civil.
4th Monday in November—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

COUNTY COURT.

Meets first Monday in each month.
Judge—Mack Cook.
County Att'y.—A. D. Kirk.
Clerk—W. C. Blankenship.
Sheriff—S. A. Bratcher.
Superintendent—E. S. Howard.
Jailer—Worth Tichenor.
Tax Commissioner—D. E. Ward.
Surveyor—C. S. Moxley.
Coroner—E. P. Rodgers.

FISCAL COURT.

Meets first Tuesday in April and October.
1st District—Ed Shown, Hartford, Route 3.
2nd District—Sam L. Stevens, Beaver Dam.
3rd District—Q. B. Brown, Simmons.
4th District—G. W. Rowe, Centertown.
5th District—W. C. Daugherty, Baize-town.
6th District—W. S. Dean, Dundee.
7th District—B. F. Rice, Fordsville.
8th District—B. C. Rhoades, Hartford, Route 5.

HARTFORD.

Mayor—J. E. Bean.
Clerk—J. A. Howard.
Police Judge—C. M. Crowe.
Marshal—E. P. Casebler.

ROCKPORT.

Chm'n. Board—W. G. Iler.
Clerk—N. H. Bratcher.
Police Judge—S. L. Fulkerson.
Marshal—Ed. J. Bratcher.

BEAVER DAM.

Chm'n. Board—W. T. McKenney.
Clerk—R. W. King.
Police Judge—J. W. Cooper.
Marshal—R. F. Stevens.

FORDSVILLE.

Chm'n. Board—W. R. Jones.
Clerk—Olla Cobb.
Police Judge—C. P. Kessinger.
Marshal—Grant Pollard.

OFFICIAL SCHOOL CALENDAR FOR PRESENT YEAR

County Board of Education—E. S. Howard, S. S. O. C.
Div. No. 1—R. A. Owen, Hartford, Route 6.
Div. No. 2—H. C. Lake, Fordsville.
Div. No. 3—Claud Renfrow, Dundee.
Div. No. 4—Robt. Goff, Rosine.
Div. No. 5—Otis Stevens, Beaver Dam.
Div. No. 6—Nat Lindley, Centertown.
County Board of Examiners: E. S. Howard, Mrs. Birdie Midkiff and Ira Jones.
Teachers Institute, Sept. 13th—17th.

EXAMINATIONS

Common School Diploma May 14 and 15 at Hartford, Beaver Dam, and Fordsville.
May 21 and 22—County Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (White).
May 28 and 29—County Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (Colored).
June 18 and 19—County and State Teachers' Examination at Fordsville, (White).
June 25 and 26—County and State Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (Colored).
Sept. 17 and 18—County and State Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (White).
Sept. 24 and 25—County and State Teachers' Examination at Hartford, (Colored).

Every Woman Wants Paxtine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER
FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE
Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleaning and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c all druggists, or postpaid by mail. The Paxtine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

Electric Bitters.

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified. FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE it is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

Women Who Suffer

Should find relief from their sufferings by taking the woman's temperance Tonic and Nervine, which has helped so many women, some of them right in your neighborhood. When the household cares and the worries of everyday life have dragged you down, made you unhappy, and there is nothing in life but headache, backache and worry, turn to the right prescription, one gotten up by Dr. Pierce fifty years ago, which has helped many thousands of women in this country. It is called Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and can be had in every drug store in the land, in tablet or liquid form.

FRANKFORT, KY.—"After motherhood I had such miserable health for two years that I could not get around to do my own housework, most of the time I had to keep to my bed. My back ached and my nerves were in a terrible state. I doctored and took every medicine that was recommended to me, but it was not until I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription that I located the right medicine, and it very promptly relieved every symptom of feminine trouble, and eventually restored me to perfect health." Mrs. DRUZY MERRIWETHER, No. 868 Wilkerson Street.

Mother's use Frey's Vermifuge
For the Children
A Safe Old Fashioned Remedy for Worms
Seventy-five years continuous use is the best testimonial FREY'S VERMIFUGE can offer you.
Keep a bottle always on hand. It will help keep the little ones happy and healthy.
30c a bottle at your druggist's or general store; or if your dealer can't supply you, send his name and 30c in stamps and we'll send you a bottle promptly.
E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

WILL YOU TAKE OUR GERMINAL REMEDY
A Treatment for WEAK LUNGS or CONSUMPTION
FOR ONE MONTH
A quick relief for that tired, run-down feeling, coughs, pains in chest, night sweats, hemorrhages, weak lungs or consumption. If it does not help you it costs you nothing.
OHIO MEDICAL CO. LOCK BOX 616 COLUMBUS O.

USE LIV-VER-LAX
For Lazy Liver and the Troubles of Constipation.

Feel right all the time. Don't lay off from work for days by taking calomel when pleasant Liv-Ver-Lax keeps you on your feet, while relieving your trouble. Safer too, and easy to take. Don't take anything else. You can't afford it. Eliminates poisons, cleanses system and relieves constipation. A natural remedy, natural in its actions, sure in its effect and certain in results. It won't be long before Liv-Ver-Lax will completely displace calomel in every home. Children can take it freely and with perfect safety. Every bottle guaranteed. 50c and \$1 in bottles. None genuine without the likeness and signature of L. K. Grigby. For sale by E. M. WILLIAMS, - Hartford, Ct.

ELECT STRONG COUNTY BOARD

Thinking and Patriotic People
In Each County Are
Urged To Act

Problem of the Rural School Will Be
Well on Its Way Toward Solution
When Interest in School Matters Is
Manifest.

The editor realizes the crisis in educational matters which Kentucky and the whole country is facing, so he has been giving the readers of this paper a series of articles, statements and cartoons to help put Kentucky on the educational map. The reader recalls, of course, that the last legislature passed some strong new school laws; but with the multiplicity of new laws on the statute books, he or she is quite apt to have a rather hazy idea of the law creating the new County Boards of Education to be elected next November. As the act creating these County Boards of Education is too long to be printed in full, the editor is giving an outline of it below.

The new County Board of Education is to be composed of five members elected from the county at large. The candidates for this office are secured by fifty voters signing a petition to have each name placed on the ballot. Any number of candidates may be placed on this separate ballot which shall carry no party emblem or device, save the words "School Ticket." The five candidates receiving the largest number of votes shall become members of the County Board of Education.

This County Board of Education selects a county superintendent of schools and decides upon the salary which can not, under the law, be less than \$1,200 a year. The board will also appoint in each school district a trustee who shall look after the school property; but shall have no voice in the County Board.

This same County Board of Education shall fix the rate of taxation for school purposes in the county; but before doing so shall, with the help of the county superintendent, make an itemized and detailed budget of all school expenses.

This act, also, provides that the County Board of Education shall appoint at least one attendance officer whose duties shall be to compel the regular attendance of all pupil children at school as provided by law.

It is needless for the editor to say in conclusion that this new law will do much toward taking the county schools out of politics. If the thinking and patriotic people of the whole country will interest themselves in the selection and election of a strong County Board of Education, the problem of the rural school in the county will be well on its way toward solution. The fact that the editor is giving this space to a discussion of the school problem when newsprint is both scarce and expensive and the added fact that prominent men are writing strong statements for the press urging the people to get behind their schools, means that we must make our rural schools better if we are to have a contented population in the country, and thus strengthen the nation.

EDUCATION KILLS AGITATION

Governor Alfred E. Smith of New York, has the following to say concerning the value of education:

"The best way to meet the evils of ultra-radical agitation is with the reason which proper education applies. I regard education as the best remedy for mistakes or false political conceptions."

LACK OF TEACHERS SERIOUS PROBLEM

Solution At Moment Is Selection
of County Boards
of Education

Every Real, Fine, True, Red-Blooded
Man and Woman in Kentucky Urged
to Get Busy at Once and Interest
Themselves in School Matters.

Every county in Kentucky was short of rural teachers last year. Every county in Kentucky will be short teachers again this season. This is a serious proposition especially as the number of men and women passing the examinations lately held for teacher's primary certificates was quite small. Of course, the new minimum salary of \$75.00 per month for rural teachers will help the situation in the future; but the best possible solution of the problem right at this moment is the selection and election of a strong County Board of Education at the November election.

The reader should not think of this problem as a strictly Kentucky affair for it is nation wide and extremely serious. Dr. P. P. Claxton, Commissioner of Education of the United States, recently asserted before the National Citizens' Conference at Washington, D. C.:

"The new conditions require that the schools shall be more efficient and more effective than they have been in the past and we are faced with the danger that they may not be as effective as in the past. We are confronted with a great shortage of teachers, and there seems to be little chance of immediate relief. According to the most careful estimates that can be secured, between three hundred and four hundred thousand children were deprived of schooling this past year because of school closed as the result of shortage."

"Even more serious is the rapidly growing number of sub-standard teachers. More than half the teachers of the nation—350,000—are not prepared on any reasonable basis for the work of teaching, a reasonable basis being understood to mean the minimum standard that progressive communities have long insisted upon—two years of professional training beyond the four-year high-school course."

"A conservative figure for the number of new teachers that will be required this fall is 110,000. It is more likely to be 120,000, and it may reach 150,000. The graduates of normal schools this year will be 25 per cent fewer than in 1916; they will total about 16,000. If we add to these the largest possible number we can conceive of from other teacher-training institutions, we shall have at the outside 30,000 prepared teachers to fill the vacancies, or a deficit of at least 80,000."

Good County Boards of Education have always been needed in each and every county in the state; but they are today a vital and absolute necessity for the welfare of the county, the state and the nation. Every real, fine, true, red-blooded man and woman in Kentucky should get busy at once and see to it that the new Boards of Education are composed of citizens who will do big and constructive work for the boys and girls on the farms.

THINK IT OVER

A letter reaching the Bureau of Education at Washington lately from an ordinary citizen contained the following pithy sentence:

"In the city they won't give people with children a house; and in the country they won't give us a school." Think it over carefully.

HE FEELS TWENTY YEARS YOUNGER

"It Was a Lucky Day For Me
When I Began Taking
Tanlac," Says B. H.
Chester.

"It certainly was a lucky day for me when I began taking Tanlac, for it has entirely relieved me of troubles that had followed me for thirty years," said B. H. Chesher, 1708 Indiana avenue, Louisville, Ky.

"For all these years I had suffered from stomach trouble and indigestion. My appetite had never been very good, it was seldom, if ever, I could find anything to eat that did not hurt me, and there were some things, such as pork or any kind of vegetables, I could not eat at all. After every meal my food would lie undigested and I feel as heavy as a rock in my stomach. I gradually grew worse until when I started taking Tanlac I was in a rundown, weakened condition."

"It hardly seems possible that a medicine can so quickly relieve a person of troubles of such long duration like Tanlac has me. Why, while I have only taken two bottles, I have a splendid appetite and can eat just anything I want, pork, vegetables, or anything else, without ever having a sign of indigestion, not only this, but I have gained several pounds in weight, and am so much stronger I feel almost like a different person. In fact, I am in good health every way, and feel at least twenty years younger. Tanlac is all right, and after what it has done for me, I gladly recommend it whenever I have an opportunity."

Tanlac is sold in Hartford by Dr. L. B. Bean, in Horse Branch by Olton Drug Co., in Rockport by James Browning, in Cromwell by Wallace & Porter, in Beaver Dam by R. T. Taylor, Jr., and in McHenry, by S. J. Tichenor.—Advertisement.

EDITORIAL COMMENT

Governor Cox has been asked by the newspaper correspondents what his answer is to Senator Harding's specific questions on the details of Mr. Wilson's foreign policy which Cox accepts. And Governor Cox is quoted as giving for his answer to those plain questions of Harding the declaration that he does not intend to engage in a telegraphic debate with the Republican nominees.

Governor Cox naturally does not like Harding's plain questions. But if he doesn't answer them, whether by telegraph, telephone, wireless, typewriter or printer's ink, Cox will have a ballot-box collision with the American people.

Harding says he is against Mr. Wilson's Article X, which would bind us to use our military forces against any people objecting to partition or boundary lines imposed upon them by the League.

Harding says he is against Mr. Wilson's demand for an American mandate or Armenia.

Harding says he is against Mr. Wilson's arbitrary and implacable opposition to Italy in the Adriatic.

Harding says he is against Mr. Wilson's policy of putting a Greek majority of population under the domination of a Bulgarian minority.

Harding says he is against every one of these Wilson commitments and that he is against the whole Wilson covenant unless it has proper and necessary modifications.

What is Cox going to say—for he has got to say something to somebody? He cannot keep silent on Mr. Wilson's League of Nations, which Mr. Wilson makes for Governor Cox the issue of this campaign. He cannot dodge the specific points of Harding's questions. He cannot escape answering plainly and flatly. When is he going to do it?—New York Sun.

If Governor Cox has committed himself to all that Mr. Wilson did abroad, as well as all that he promised to do, it will be up to him to accept responsibility for the President's bungling of the peace treaty. The secrets of the bungling process are being gradually disclosed. Senator Harding quoted on Monday a very pertinent statement by Colonel House, now European correspondent of the Philadelphia Public Ledger, to the effect that a preliminary treaty concerning army, navy, reparations and delimitation of boundaries "could have been made by Christmas of 1918 and would have been not only the usual but the obvious thing to do."

Ambassador Bernstorff's book shows clearly that President Wilson was willing in 1916, when he was trying to bring about a "peace without victory" by mediation between the two belligerent groups to have a preliminary conference, participated in by belligerents only, to settle ques-

tions of boundaries, indemnities and political readjustment, and a later conference, attended by the neutrals as well, to strengthen the freedom of the seas, the strengthening of international law, and a permanent association of nations. The German government, while hypocritically encouraging the President's efforts as an intermediary to bring about peace negotiations, didn't want to allow him any scope as a real mediator. Von Jagow wrote to Bernstorff on June 7, 1916: "We are naturally skeptical of mediation on the part of a statesman so partial to England and at the same time so naive as President Wilson."

The President, however, readily fell in with Germany's ideas as to the double peace conference. Then Ludendorff and the militarists brusquely dropped the "peace by understanding" program. When Germany was beaten her leaders turned again to the President and offered to make peace on the basis of his Fourteen Points and other declarations. They hoped to drive a wedge between the United States and the European Allies by getting the President to consent, nominally at least, to a settlement controlled by this principle, enunciated on September 27, 1918: "The impartial justice meted out must involve no discrimination between those to whom we wish to be just and those to whom we do not wish to be just. It must be a justice which plays no favorites and knows no standard but the equal rights of the peoples concerned."—New York Tribune.

20TH CENTURY MEETS STONE AGE FACE TO FACE

Winnipeg, Man., July 24.—The stone age and the Twentieth Century met face to face during the anniversary celebration of the Hudson's Bay Company.

Three airplanes rose above the wigwam encampment of the Indians at Lower Fort Garry. They skimmed the battlements of the old fur post; they did headspins above the tepees; they soared upward until they became mere specks in the blue sky.

The Indians watched them slowly with a startled interest their stolid faces failed to show. These men of the wilderness had never seen an airplane before.

DESTROYER HITS MINE.

Constantinople, July 24.—Eighteen seamen and one officer, Doctor Barti, lost their lives with the destruction of the new Italian destroyer Alberto Carlo Rachea, which struck a mine today in the Black Sea, near the entrance to the Bosphorus.

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PLAN RETURN OF WAR PRISONERS

San Sebastian, Spain, July 31.—Repatriation of the 200,000 European prisoners of war still held in Russia and the 160,000 Russians in German military prisons was considered by the council of the League of Nations at its session here today. A letter from Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, recently appointed to arrange for the transfer of these prisoners, was read. Dr. Nansen reported the proposed exchange had been blocked by the Russian Soviet government.

Plans providing for the transport of Russians in ships to Vladivostok were formulated, the scheme being that the vessels would bring back Europeans, including Czechs and Hungarians, and land them at Tris, but they were impossible of execution, Dr. Nansen said, because the Soviet government had refused to guarantee that Russians would be allowed to proceed from Vladivostok to their homes.

The council continued its discussion of the program in private, reserving announcement of decisions until its public session next Tuesday. A. J. Balfour, of Great Britain, presented a report on the relations between the council and the assembly of the league, upon which will be based a report to the assembly at its meeting to be held in Geneva next November. It suggested the determination of the limitations of the jurisdiction of each body and definition of the extent to which the powers of both are co-extensive under the covenant.

ALWAYS A LIGHT IN WINDOW

London, July 31.—A London mother has kept a three-year vigil for her soldier son, who was "reported missing" in France in 1917.

At the corner of four crossroads in Pimlico there is a window next to a junk store where the mother watches almost day and night. Disbelieving an armistice notification of her boy's presumed death, she is convinced he will return. Her blinds are never drawn, and daily she keeps watch until sleep overcomes her.

WOMAN'S LIFE HAPPIER; PLEASANT AFTER "35"

London, July 31.—Addressing the Medico-Legal Society on the suicide idea, Dr. Josiah Oldfield said statistics covering a large number of years indicated that women's lives after thirty-five were pleasanter and more attractive than men's.

In spite of the popular idea that the young woman was the queen of

the earth, and that at sweet seventeen she had the world at her feet, it was evidenced that from the ages of fifteen to thirty-five more young women committed suicide than young men.

After thirty-five the burden of life became so much heavier for men, or life became so much more rosy for women, that from thirty-five to eighty men were always largely in the majority among suicides.

TWO CLERKS KEPT BUSY HANDLING DEBS' MAIL

Atlanta, Ga., July 31.—The campaign activities of Eugene V. Debs, Socialist candidate for the presidency and a prisoner in the federal penitentiary here, are little heard of by the public, but the prison personnel daily is reminded of it.

It's the mail. Two mail clerks are employed at the prison, and previous to Mr. Debs' coming had a "soft job." Now the mail for the Socialist prisoner is twice as much as that of all other prisoners combined.

The warden is said to contemplate the employment of another man to help the clerks.

Debs declines to comment on either the Democratic or Republican nominee, not desiring "to deal in personalities." He receives few visitors except his closest friends and henchmen.

GIVES BIRTH TO 3 CALVES

Maysville, Ky., July 26.—A Jersey heifer, 3 years old, on the farm of Joseph Santee, near this city, gave birth to three splendid male calves, each weighing sixty pounds. They are perfect in shape and bid fair to live.

THE END

"I just got fired."
"What for?"
"For good."—Yale Record.

112 Millions
used last year
to KILL COLDS

HILL'S
CASCARA
QUININE
BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years
—in tablet form—safe, sure, no
opiates—breaks up a cold in 24
hours—relieves grip in 3 days.
Sneezing back if it fails. The
genuine box has a Red
top with Mr. Hill's
picture. At All Drug Stores.



August Clearance Sale!

FROM
August 5th to August 9th

Coat Suits, Coats and Skirts

\$30.00 Ladies' Coat Suits,	\$19.95
\$33.00 Ladies' Coats,	22.00
\$36.00 Ladies' Coats,	19.95
\$ 8.50 Serge Skirts,	5.75
\$ 6.00 Silk Poplin skirts,	4.25
\$ 3.50 White Wash skirts,	2.50
\$ 3.00 Silk underskirts,	6.00
\$ 6.50 Silk underskirts,	5.00
\$ 5.00 Silk underskirts,	3.75
\$ 4.50 Silk underskirts,	3.00
\$ 1.75 Black sateen underskirts,	1.25
\$ 1.50 Black sateen underskirts,	1.00
\$ 1.50 Muslin underskirts,	1.20
\$ 1.25 Muslin underskirts,	1.00
\$16.50 Ladies' Silk Dresses,	10.00
\$12.50 Ladies' Crepe de chine Dresses, ..	7.50

Ladie's Waists

\$7.00 Georgette Waists,	\$4.98
\$5.75 Georgette Waists,	4.00
\$5.50 Crepe de chine Waists,	4.00
\$6.00 Crepe de chine Waists,	4.00
\$4.00 Silk Waists,	2.98
\$3.75 White Voile Waists,	2.25
\$3.00 White Voile Waists,	2.00
\$2.25 White Voile Waists,	1.25
\$1.25 White Waists, .....	.80

Counterpanes

\$5.00 Counterpanes,	\$3.75
\$4.00 Counterpanes,	2.75
\$3.50 Counterpanes,	2.25
\$3.00 Counterpanes,	2.00
\$2.75 Counterpanes,	1.85
\$2.50 Counterpanes,	1.75

Hosiery

\$1.25 Silk half hose, .....	.85
\$1.00 Silk half hose, .....	.70
.75 Silk half hose, .....	.50
.60 Silk half hose, .....	.45
.50 Half hose, .....	.35
.40 Half hose, .....	.30
.25 Half hose, .....	.20
\$3.75 Ladies' silk hose,	2.75
\$3.50 Ladies' silk hose,	2.50
\$2.00 Ladies' silk hose,	1.50
\$1.75 Ladies' silk hose,	1.25
\$1.00 Ladies' silk hose, .....	.75
.75 Ladies' silk hose, .....	.50
.90 Mercerized hose, .....	.65
.75 Mercerized hose, .....	.50
.65 Mercerized hose, .....	.45
.60 Mercerized hose, .....	.45
.50 Mercerized hose, .....	.40
.40 Lisle hose, .....	.30
.30 Cotton hose, .....	.20
.25 Cotton hose, .....	.15

Wool Dress Goods

\$3.00 per yd. Serge,	\$2.20
\$2.75 per yd. Serge,	2.00
\$2.50 per yd. Serge,	1.75
\$1.80 per yd. Serge,	1.20
\$2.50 per yd. Serge,	1.75
\$1.80 per yd. Serge,	1.20
\$1.50 per yd. Serge,	1.00
\$1.25 per yd. Serge, .....	.80
\$1.00 per yd. Serge, .....	.75
\$1.25 per yd. Woolen Goods, .....	.80
\$1.00 per yd. Woolen Goods, .....	.75
\$.90 per yd. Woolen Goods, .....	.65
\$.85 per yd. Woolen Goods, .....	.60
\$.75 per yd. Woolen Goods, .....	.50
\$.50 per yd. Woolen Goods, .....	.35

Ready-to-Wear Wash Garments

\$2.50 Middy Blouses,	\$1.75
\$2.75 Middy Blouses,	2.00
\$3.00 Middy Blouses,	2.25
\$3.00 Ladies' night Gowns,	2.25
\$2.50 Ladies' night Gowns,	1.75
\$2.00 Ladies' night Gowns,	1.50
\$1.25 Muslin Envelope chemise,	1.00
\$3.00 Crepe Envelope chemise,	2.25
\$2.00 Kimonas,	1.50
\$2.50 Kimonas,	1.75
\$2.75 Kimonas,	2.00
\$1.00 Boys Rompers, .....	.80
\$1.50 Boys Rompers,	1.10
\$1.75 Boys Rompers,	1.25
\$2.50 Boys Wash suits,	1.50
\$3.00 Ladies' Gingham Dresses,	2.25
\$2.60 Ladies' Gingham Dresses,	2.00
\$2.25 Ladies' Gingham Dresses,	1.75
\$1.00 Misses' Gingham Dresses, .....	.80
\$1.40 Misses' Gingham Dresses,	1.10
\$1.75 Misses' Gingham Dresses,	1.25
\$2.00 Misses' Gingham Dresses,	1.50
\$2.25 Misses' Gingham Dresses,	1.75
\$2.50 Misses' Gingham Dresses,	2.00

Ginghams, Cheviots, Etc.

.50 Cheviot, .....	.40
.40 Gingham, .....	.35
.50 Outing, .....	.35
.40 Canton Flannel, .....	.25
.45 Percale, .....	.35
.40 Percale, .....	.35

Georgette Crepe, Crepe de Chine Poplins, Etc.

\$3.00 per yd. Silk in all colors,	\$1.98
\$2.50 per yd. Silk in all colors,	1.48
\$1.00 per yd. Silk in all colors, .....	.80
.80 per yd. Silk in all colors, .....	.60
.75 per yd. Silk in all colors, .....	.50
\$1.25 per yd. Silk Poplin, .....	.98
.65 per yd. Cotton Poplin, .....	.45
\$1.50 per yd. Silk Chiffon,	1.00

White Skirting Goods, White Voiles, Etc.

\$1.50 per yd. White skirting,	\$1.15
\$1.35 per yd. White skirting, .....	.90
\$1.20 per yd. White skirting, .....	.85
\$1.00 per yd. White Voile, .....	.75
\$.75 per yd. White Voile, .....	.50
\$.85 per yd. White Organdy, .....	.60
\$.90 per yd. White skirting, .....	.65
\$.75 per yd. White skirting, .....	.50
\$.75 per yd. White Gabordeen, .....	.50
\$.75 per yd. White Beauty silk, .....	.50
\$.50 per yd. White Pique, .....	.35
\$.60 per yd. White Poplin, .....	.45
\$.40 per yd. White Flaxon, .....	.30
\$.35 per yd. White Flaxon, .....	.25
\$.30 per yd. White Flaxon, .....	.20
\$1.25 per yd. White Table Linen, .....	.85
\$1.75 per yd. White Table Linen,	1.25
\$2.00 per yd. White Table Linen,	1.40
\$2.25 per yd. White Table Linen,	1.75

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After having enjoyed a very prosperous season in this department we are glad to close the balance of our Hats at half price. Be sure to visit this department.

Shirts, Ties, Etc.

\$6.00 Shirts,	\$5.00
\$5.00 Shirts,	4.00
\$4.50 Shirts,	3.50
\$4.00 Shirts,	3.00
\$3.50 Shirts,	2.75
\$3.00 Shirts,	2.25
\$2.50 Shirts,	1.75
\$2.00 Shirts,	1.50
\$1.50 Shirts,	1.25
\$1.25 Shirts,	1.00
\$3.00 Ties,	2.25
\$2.50 Ties,	2.00

\$2.00 Ties,	1.50
\$1.50 Ties,	1.00
\$1.00 Ties, .....	.75
\$.75 Ties, .....	.50

Fancy Cotton Voiles

\$1.25 per yd. Voile, .....	.85
\$1.00 per yd. Voile, .....	.75
\$.75 per yd. Voile, .....	.50
\$.60 per yd. Voile, .....	.45
\$.30 per yd. Voile, .....	.20
\$.85 per yd. Organdy, .....	.60

Trunks and Bags

\$14.00 Trunks,	\$11.00
\$12.50 Trunks,	10.00
\$12.00 Trunks,	9.50
\$ 8.00 Traveling Bag,	6.00
\$ 7.00 Traveling Bag,	5.50
\$ 5.50 Traveling Bag,	4.50
\$ 4.00 Traveling Bag,	3.00
\$ 3.50 Traveling Bag,	2.75
\$ 3.25 Traveling Bag,	2.50
\$ 2.25 Suit Cases,	1.75

Straw Hats and Caps

\$6.00 Panama hats,	\$4.25
\$4.50 Panama hats,	3.25
\$4.00 Sailor hats,	3.00
\$3.50 Sailor hats,	2.75
\$3.00 Sailor hats,	2.50
\$2.50 Sailor hats,	1.75
\$4.00 Caps,	3.00
\$3.00 Caps,	2.25
\$2.50 Caps,	1.75
\$2.00 Caps,	1.50
\$1.50 Caps,	1.00
\$.75 Caps,50

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